

Data sheet *Clostridium perfringens* Type *C* (beta) toxin

Benten Biotech SRL Parque Tecnológico- LATU. Montevideo, Uruguay CP 11500

1. Reagent name: *Clostridium perfringens C* (beta) toxin

2. Strain or resource: Not apply

3. Lot number: TCPC 003/21

4. Fill date: July. 2021

5. Expiration date: The expiration date was not evaluated. According to the literature, the toxin is very stable and could be active for several years.

Precautions: This reagent does not represent a risk for laboratory personnel working with the toxin if fundamental laboratory techniques are followed.

6. Intended to use: Used as a standard antitoxin when evaluating C. perfringens C toxin in the neutralization test in mice.

7. Instruction for use:

Mouse assay: TCPC 003/21 diluted 1:47 is considered the standard toxin dilution when conducting toxin-neutralization tests in mice. The dilution is prepared by adding 2 mL of peptone diluent (1.0% peptone, 0.25% sodium chloride, pH 7.2) to the TCPC 003/21 freeze dry toxin vial. Make the first dilution 1/10, dilute 0,5 mL of well mixed TCPC 003/21 in 4,5 mL of peptone diluent. The L+ dose is prepared by adding 1 ml of 1/10 TCPC 003/21 toxin dilution and 3,7 ml of peptone diluent. The Lo dose is prepared by adding 1 ml of 1/10 TCPC 003/21 toxin dilution and 4,2 ml of peptone diluent. C. perfringens type C (beta) TCPC 003/21 toxin diluted 1:10 is stable when stored at -70°.

8. Reagent test:

Determination of antitoxin titer- Antitoxin titer was determined by injecting 16-20 g mice intravenously with 0.2 ml volume of diluted antitoxin mixed with 1 dose of L + toxin (the least amount of toxin when mixed with 1 unit of antitoxin, causes death in at least 80% of animals in 72 hours) and 1 dose of Lo of toxin (the highest amount of toxin that, when mixed with 1 unit of antitoxin, does not cause animal death within 72 hours).



Determination of LD50 - Female mice weighing 16-20 g were injected intraperitoneally with 0.5 mL of toxin diluted in peptone diluent.

Determination of toxin type - The toxin type was confirmed by performing toxinneutralization tests in mice. The mice were injected intravenously with mixtures of TCPC 003/21 and C. perfringens type A, C, or D antitoxin. All of the mice died within 24 hours except those receiving mixtures containing type C antitoxin.

Sterility test: For the Clostridium perfringens C toxin, the absence of viable bacteria and fungi was analyzed according to the procedures described in 9 CFR (USA).

- **9. Container size, type, weight or volume:** 10 mL vial containing 2 ml of lyophilized toxin.
- 10. Storage conditions: store at-80 °C.
- **11. Technical contact Benten Biotech:** Quality Control Section, +59899178546.
- **12. Origin and history of passage:** C. perfringens type C (beta) culture ATCC 3628, used to produce TCPC 003/21, was obtained from ATCC. The number of passages is unknown.
- **13. Preparation method**: Culture ATCC 3628 was grown in a 2.5 -litre Sartorius Biostat A fermentor containing media consisting of triptone, proteose peptone, and yeast extract. Actively growing culture was aseptically added to the fermentor and incubated at 35°C for approximately 4 hours. The culture was centrifuged 4,000 x g for 60 minutes and the supernatant was passed through 1.2, 0.8, 0.4 and 0.2 μ m Sartorius sterile filters. The filtrate was further concentrated then times by 10 KDa ultrafiltration Millipore pellicon cassette. The concentrated toxin was adjusted to pH 6.8 and passed through a 0.2 μ m Sartorius filter. Sterile skim milk was added to the product at a final concentration of 50% v/v and 1:10000 thimerosal was added and toxin was fractionated in 2 mL each vial. The vials were freeze-dried with Christ equipment.
- **14. Other:** Transport according to UN3172 (Biological Toxins).

Reagent orders and feedback to the following email address: info@bentenbiotech.com

REVISED: July 2021